



Which company managed to scrape into the list of positive EVA companies by registering a 7.50 drop in its Cost Of Capital between 1997-98 and 1998-99?

Main table with 10 columns: Rank 1999, Rank 1998, Company, Market Value (Rs crore), % Over 1997-98, Capital Employed (Rs crore), % Over 1997-98, NOPAT (Rs crore), % Over 1997-98, Cost of Capital (1998-99), % Over 1997-98, Economic Value Added (Rs crore), % Over 1997-98, ROCE (1998-99), % Over 1997-98, RONW (1998-99), % Over 1997-98, Market Capitalisation (Rs crore), % Over 1997-98.

MVA: Market Value Added is the sum of market values of equity, debt, & equity shares. Market Value: MVA = Debt + Equity capital. Capital Employed: Total Capital Employed by the company. NOPAT: Net Operating Profits After Tax (Earnings before depreciation, interest & tax - Net Worth). Net Worth: Equity capital + Reserves & surplus. Market Capitalisation: Company's average market capitalisation between April 1, 1998 and March 31, 1999.

Cost Of Capital: Equity capital + Total capital - Cost of equity - Debt capital - Total capital + Cost of debt. ROCE: Return On Capital Employed (Profits before interest & tax / Capital Employed * 100). RONW: Return On Net Worth (Earnings before depreciation, interest & tax - Net Worth / Net Worth * 100).